

Quantifying and Validating the Impact of Climate Change on Wind Resources in the Mediterranean Sea and Southern North Sea.

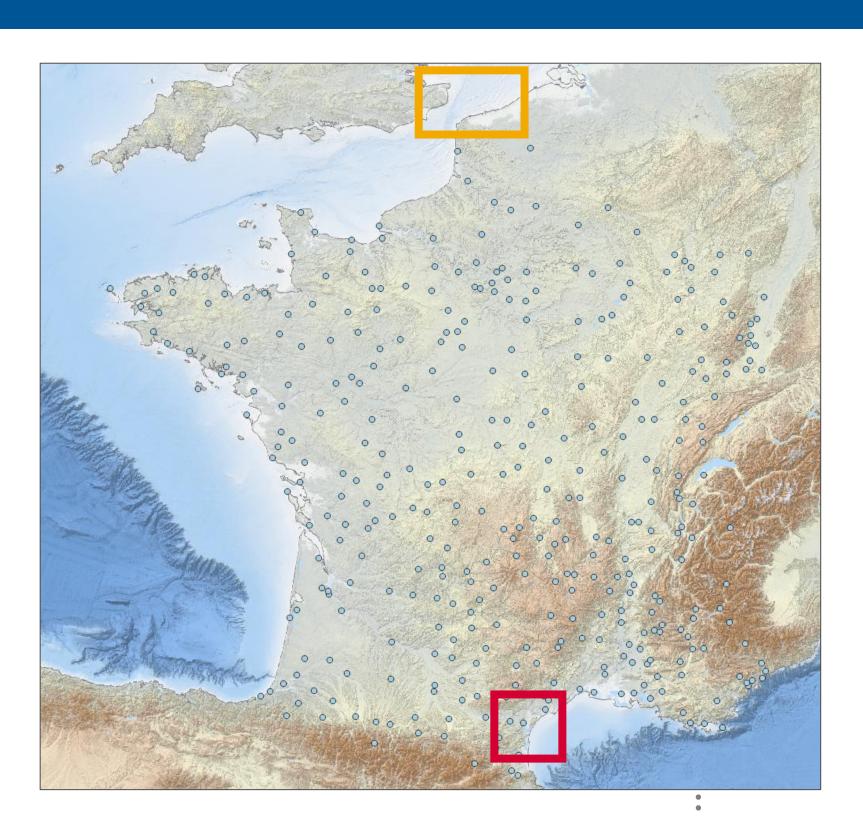
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The effect of Climate Change on future wind resources should be quantified using region-specific filtered CMIP6 Climate Model datasets, Reanalysis, and long-term measurements.

Cases description:

Gulf of Lion and Southern North Sea

- One ERA5/MERRA-2 node
- Closest data note for all the CMIP6 model data (1850-2014),
- Météo-France weather station measurements (blue dots, where available).



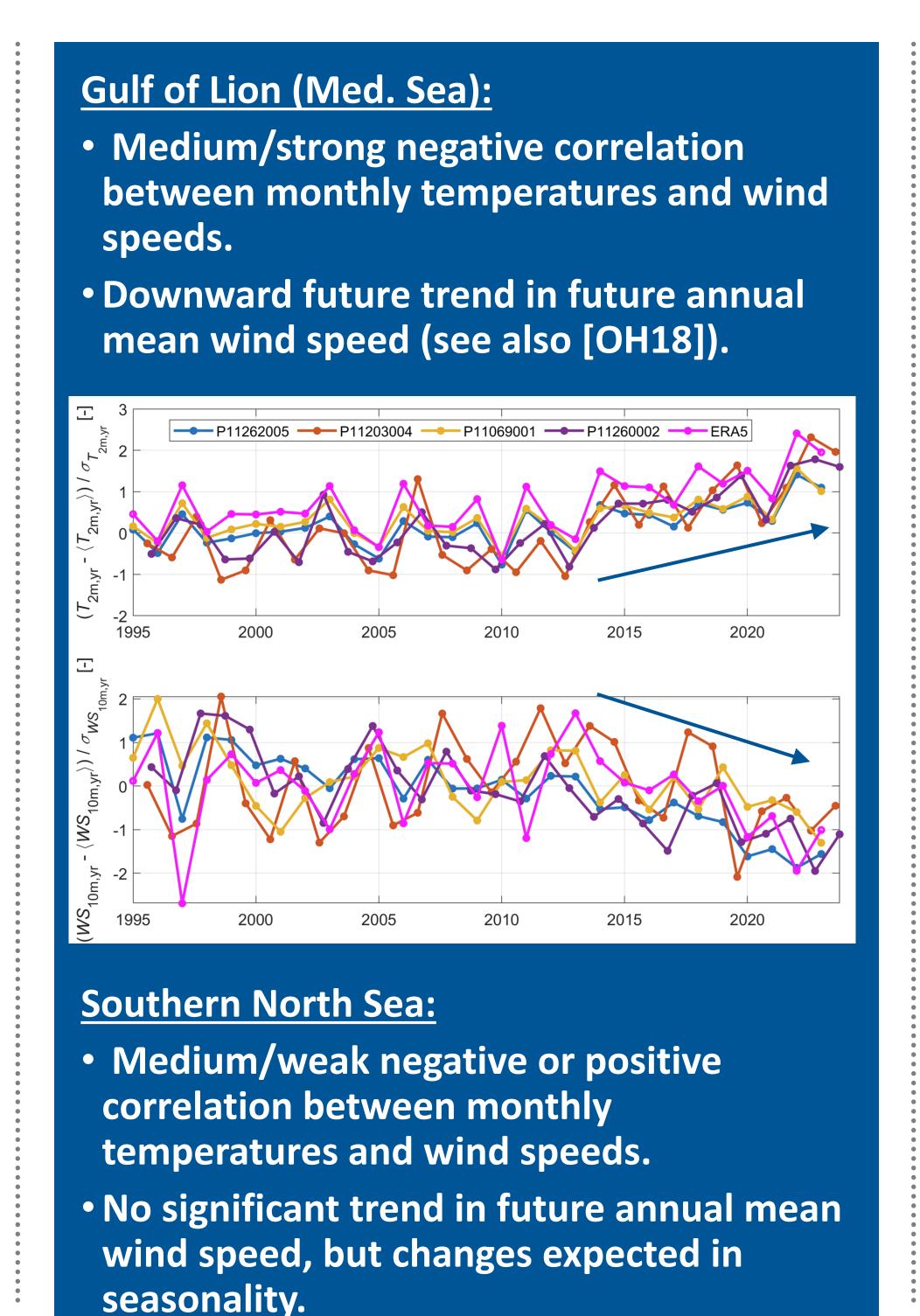
Method:

CMIP6 model selection based on the methodology developed by C2Wind and presented at the WindEurope Technology Workshop 2024 [WE24], using three criteria:

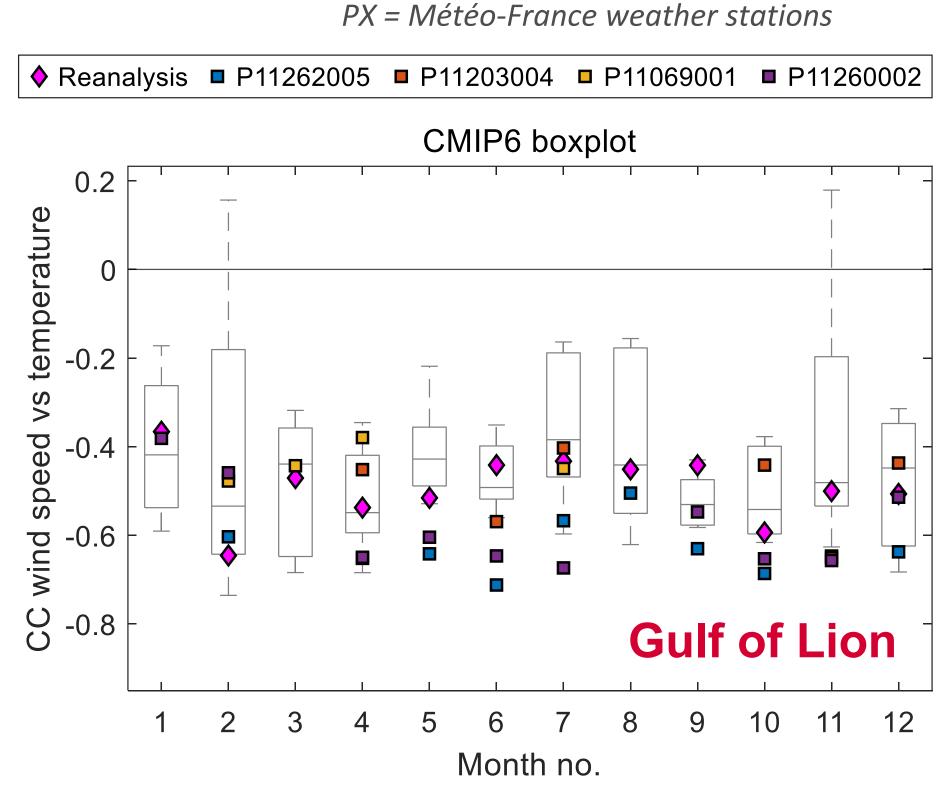
- Interannual Variability
- Similarity of wind speed distributions
- Correlation on long-term moving averages with ERA5

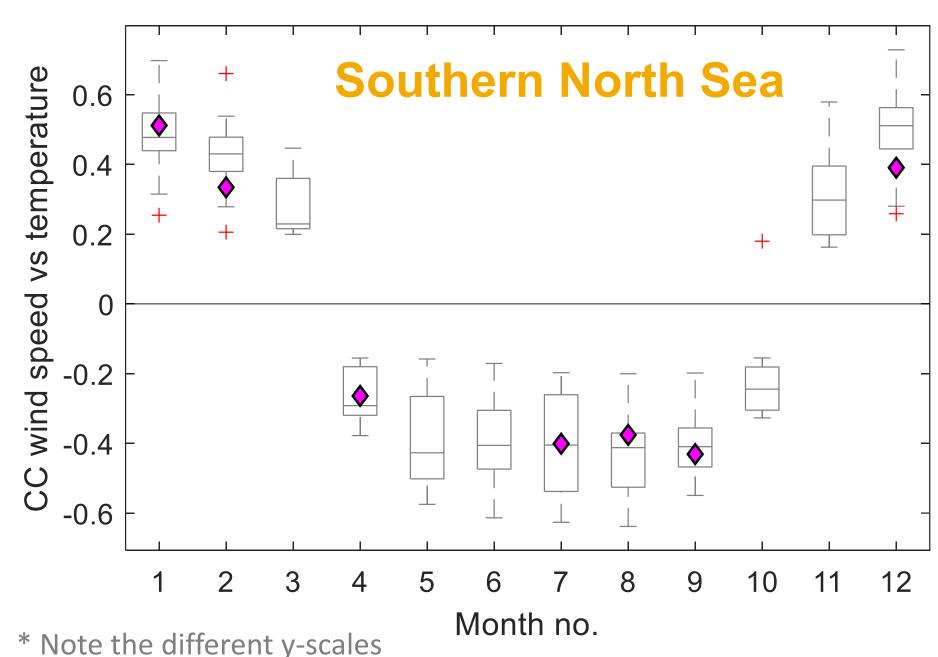
Monthly correlations between wind speed and temperature are computed, to assess seasonal effects and isolate the effect of air temperature on wind speed and validate models against measurements where available.

Results: Historical (1850-2014) and Future (2015-2100) SSP5-8.5 Trends ssp5-8-5; filters = IAV & EMD & CORR; avg = 5 yrs CMIP6 excluded (17) CMIP6 selected (16) Mean of selected models MERRA2 **Gulf of Lion** 1850 2050 1900 2000 ssp5-8-5; filters = IAV & EMD & CORR; avg = 5 yrs CMIP6 excluded (11) CMIP6 selected (22) Mean of selected models ERA5

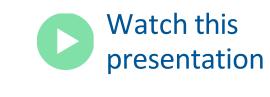


Results: Monthly Correlation Coefficients





[WE24] C2Wind. Quantitative approach for climate model selection and application in WRA & EYA (2024) https://c2wind.com/f/content/pres08ge-v2.pdf
[OH18] Obermann-Hellhund, A., Conte, D., Somot, S. et al. Mistral and Tramontane wind systems in climate simulations from 1950 to 2100. Clim Dyn 50, 693–703 (2018).







1900

Southern North Sea

https://doi.org/10.1007/s00382-017-3635-8

1950

near surface

1850



2050

2000